

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D. C. 20549

**FORM SD**  
**Specialized Disclosure Report**

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**CYTORI THERAPEUTICS, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

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**DELAWARE**

(State or other jurisdiction  
of incorporation or organization)

**001-34375**

(Commission File Number)

**33-0827593**

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

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3020 Callan Road,  
San Diego, California

(Address of principal executive officers)

92121

(Zip Code)

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**Jeremy B. Hayden**  
**General Counsel and Chief Compliance Officer**  
**(858) 458-0900**

(Name and Telephone number, including area code, of the person to contact in connection with this report.)

Check the appropriate box to indicate the rule pursuant to which this form is being filed, and provide the period to which the information in this form applies:

Rule 13p-1 under the Securities Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13p-1) for the reporting period from January 1 to December 31, 2015.

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## **SECTION 1 – Conflict Minerals Disclosure**

### **Item 1.01 - Conflict Minerals Report**

Cytori Therapeutics, Inc. has included the Conflict Minerals Report as an exhibit to its Form SD for the period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2015. Unless the context otherwise indicates, "Cytori," "the Company," "we," "us" and "our" refer to Cytori Therapeutics, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

For the year 2015, certain of our operations manufactured, or contracted to manufacture, products for which 3TGs, as defined below, are necessary to their functionality or production ("Covered Products"). Conflict minerals are defined in Section 13(p) as (A) cassiterite, columbite-tantalite (coltan), gold, wolframite, and their derivatives, which are limited to tin, tantalum and tungsten (together with gold collectively referred to as 3TGs), or (B) any other mineral or its derivatives determined by the Secretary of State to be financing conflict in the Democratic Republic of Congo ("DRC") or any adjoining country that shares an internationally recognized border with the DRC (the "Covered Countries"). Accordingly, we have conducted a reasonable country of origin inquiry ("RCOI") that was designed to determine whether any of the 3TGs in our Covered Products originated in the Democratic Republic of the Congo or an adjoining country (Angola, Burundi, the Central African Republic, the Republic of the Congo, Rwanda, South Sudan, Tanzania, Uganda or Zambia), or were from recycled or scrap sources.

A summary of our RCOI and steps of due diligence on the source and chain of custody of any 3TGs in our Covered Products, is included in our Conflict Minerals Report, which is filed as Exhibit 1.01 to this Form SD. In addition to this, our Conflict Minerals Report is publicly available on our company website at: [www.cytori.com](http://www.cytori.com).

### **Forward-Looking Statements**

The Report contains forward-looking statements which express a belief, expectation or intention, as well as those that are historical fact, are forward-looking statements, including statements relating to our compliance efforts and expected actions. The words "expects," "intends," "plans," "believes," and "anticipates" and similar expressions are used to identify these forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future actions or performance and are subject to various risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Undue reliance should not be placed on these statements, which are only effective as of the date of this report, and the Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement.

### **Item 1.02          Exhibit.**

We have filed our Conflict Minerals Report as Exhibit 1.01 to this Form SD.

### **Item 2.01          Exhibits.**

Exhibit 1.01 – Conflict Minerals Report as required by Item 1.01. of Form SD.

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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the duly authorized undersigned.

CYTORI THERAPEUTICS, INC.

May 31, 2016

By: /s/ Jeremy Hayden  
Jeremy B. Hayden  
General Counsel and Chief Compliance Officer

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**EXHIBIT INDEX**

<b>Exhibit Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
1.01	Conflict Minerals Report for the year ended December 31, 2015 as required by Item 1.01 of this Form.

**Cytori Therapeutics, Inc.**  
**Conflict Minerals Report**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2015**

## Introduction

This Conflict Minerals Report has been prepared by management of Cytori for the period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2015 (the "Reporting Period"). Unless the context otherwise indicates, "Cytori," "we," "us," the "Company" and "our" mean Cytori Therapeutics, Inc. and its consolidated and combined subsidiaries.

This Report is presented to comply with Rule 13p-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Rule"). This Rule imposes certain reporting obligations on public companies that manufacture or contract to manufacture products containing conflict minerals that are necessary to the functionality or production of their products. Form SD defines "conflict minerals" as cassiterite, columbite-tantalite, gold, wolframite and their derivatives, which are currently limited to tin, tantalum and tungsten. We identified tin, tantalum, tungsten and gold ("3TGs") that are necessary to the functionality or production of certain products that we manufactured or contracted to manufacture during the Reporting Period.

As described in this report, Cytori has reason to believe that some of the 3TGs present in its supply chain may have originated in the Democratic Republic of the Congo ("DRC") or an adjoining country (collectively, the "Covered Countries"). Therefore, we performed a reasonable country of origin inquiry ("RCOI") to determine whether any of the 3TGs in our products originated from the Covered Countries and were not from recycled or scrap sources. Based on the RCOI, we determined that we may have some suppliers that sourced 3TG from the Covered Countries and we proceeded to conduct due diligence on our supplier base. The results of this due diligence are covered below.

## Company Overview

### *Our business*

We develop cellular therapeutics uniquely formulated and optimized for specific diseases and medical conditions and related products. Our lead therapeutics are currently targeted for impaired hand function in scleroderma, osteoarthritis of the knee, stress urinary incontinence, and deep thermal burns including those complicated by radiation exposure.

Our cellular therapeutics are collectively known by the trademarked name, Cytori® Cell Therapy™, and consist of a mixed population of specialized cells including stem cells that are involved in response to injury, repair and healing. These cellular therapeutics are extracted from an adult patient's own adipose (fat) tissue using our fully automated Celution® System, proprietary enzymes, and sterile consumable sets at the place where the patient is receiving care or potentially at an off-site processing center. Cytori Cell Therapy can either be administered to the patient the same day or cryopreserved for future use.

Our primary near-term goal is for Cytori Cell Therapy to be the first cell therapy to market for the treatment of impaired hand function in scleroderma, through Cytori-sponsored and supported clinical development efforts. The Cytori-sponsored STAR trial is a 48-week, randomized, double blind, placebo-controlled phase III pivotal clinical trial of 80 patients in the U.S. The trial evaluates the safety and efficacy of a single administration of Cytori Cell Therapy, or ECCS-50, in scleroderma patients affecting the hands and fingers. The first sites for the scleroderma study were initiated in July 2015. We have recently achieved target enrollment of 80 patients and, due to recent interest and rapid screening of the study, additional patients are scheduled to be treated and enrollment is expected to be complete by early June 2016.

With respect to the remainder of our clinical pipeline, we received Investigational Device Exemption, or IDE, approval from the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, or FDA, in late 2014 for our phase II ACT-OA osteoarthritis study and in early 2015 we initiated this study, and enrollment was completed in June 2015. Data analysis of the 48-week data will be available during the third quarter of 2016. In July 2015, a Cytori-supported male stress urinary incontinence, or SUI, trial in Japan for male prostatectomy patients (after prostate surgery) received approval to begin enrollment from the Japanese Ministry of Health, Labor and Welfare, or MHLW. The goal of this investigator-initiated trial is to gain regulatory approval in Japan of Cytori Cell Therapy for this indication. We are also developing a treatment for thermal burns combined with radiation injury under a contract from the Biomedical Advanced Research Development Authority, or BARDA, a division of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. We are also exploring other development opportunities in a variety of other conditions.

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In addition to our targeted therapeutic development, we have continued to commercialize the Cytori Cell Therapy technology under select medical device approvals, clearances and registrations to research and commercial customers in Europe, Japan and other regions. Many of these customers are research customers evaluating new therapeutic applications of Cytori Cell Therapy. The sale of systems, consumables and ancillary products contributes a margin that partially offsets our operating expenses and will continue to play a role in fostering familiarity within the medical community with our technology. These sales have also facilitated the discovery of new applications for Cytori Cell Therapy by customers conducting investigator-initiated and funded research.

We are incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware, and our common stock is listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol "CYTX." Our global headquarters are located at 3020 Callan Road, San Diego, California 92121.

### ***Our products***

We conducted an analysis of our products to determine which of our products were likely to contain 3TGs. We have identified one or more of the 3TGs in certain of our Celution system products, including our Celution 800 system, that are necessary to the functionality or production of such products.

### **Description of RCOI**

We began our scoping process by extracting a list of our suppliers that provide us with products that may contain one or more of the 3TGs. Once the filtering was completed, we populated the list with contact information and provided the list to our third-party service provider. This supplier list was then uploaded to our third-party provider's software platform that allows us to store and manage supplier requests and documentation.

From there, we defined our scoping process even further by ensuring that any service providers, indirect materials suppliers and inactive suppliers were removed. This ensures that all suppliers surveyed provided items to Cytori that were used in final products in the year 2015. At this time, there were no such instances where we determined that particular suppliers should be removed from this year's scope. However, we will continue to assess our supplier list to ensure that our surveyed suppliers are in scope.

Our service provider then conducted the supplier survey portion of the RCOI. This was done by utilizing the Conflict Minerals Reporting Template (the "CMRT"), version 4.01b, developed by the Electronic Industry Citizenship Coalition® and The Global e-Sustainability Initiative. Using the CMRT, suppliers identified through the procedures above were surveyed on their sourcing of the 3TGs that we identified in our products. The CMRT was developed to facilitate disclosure and communication of information regarding smelters that provide material to a company's supply chain. It includes questions regarding a direct supplier's conflict minerals policy, its due diligence process, and information about its supply chain such as the names and locations of smelters and refiners as well as the origin of 3TGs used by those facilities.

During the supplier survey, suppliers were contacted and asked to complete the CMRT. All communications were tracked and monitored in the software platform. Non-responsive suppliers were contacted a minimum of three times and then were also managed by our service provider's Supply Chain Team in one on one communications. This included at least two follow-ups in order to encourage their response via CMRTs. To ensure that our suppliers understand our expectations regarding the sourcing of 3TGs, we and our third-party consultant have provided training to suppliers through webinars, videos, documentation, and one-on-one discussions.

The RCOI also included automated data validation on all submitted CMRTs. The goal of data validation is to increase the accuracy of submissions and identify any contradictory answers in the CMRT. All submitted forms are accepted and classified as valid or invalid so that data is still retained. All suppliers who submitted CMRTs that were flagged as "invalid" were contacted to address items such as incomplete data, missing smelter information, or inconsistent answers. All of these communications were monitored and tracked in our service provider's system for future reporting and transparency. As of May 27, 2016, there were three invalid submissions that were not corrected by suppliers.

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Based on the RCOI, we determined that we may have some suppliers that sourced 3TGs from the Covered Countries; therefore, we proceeded to conduct due diligence on our supplier base.

## **Due Diligence**

### ***Design of due diligence***

We have designed our due diligence procedures base upon the due diligence framework presented by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development ("OECD") in the publication *OECD (2013) Due Diligence Guidance for Responsible Supply Chains of Minerals from Conflict-Affected and High-Risk Areas: Second Edition, OECD Publishing* and the related Supplements for gold and for tin, tantalum and tungsten.

Cytori's conflict minerals due diligence process references the five steps as defined by the Guidance: 1) establishing strong company management systems, 2) identifying and assessing risks in our supply chain, 3) designing and implementing a strategy to respond to identified risks, 4) utilizing independent third-party audits, and 5) publicly reporting on our supply chain due diligence. A summary of the due diligence measures undertaken by Cytori is outlined below.

### ***Due diligence performed***

#### Company Management Systems

*Internal team; External resources*

Our due diligence program involves a cross-functional team comprised of relevant personnel throughout our organization, including our chief legal and compliance personnel, our principal purchasing and operations personnel, senior engineering personnel, senior research and development personnel, and other members of executive management and their respective teams as appropriate. Our senior management team and our Board of Directors are given appropriate updates on our Conflict Minerals program.

We have also taken on other management systems that include the use of a third-party vendor. Through our vendor's tool we are able to collect and store supplier data and CMRTs, communicate with suppliers and monitor risks in our supply chain. The use of these tools has allowed us to assist our suppliers in understanding our expectations and requirements and increase the rate of responses we have received from our suppliers to our survey requests.

#### *Control systems*

Controls include, but are not limited to, our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, which outlines expected behaviors for all Cytori employees and third parties doing business with Cytori, and our policy statement regarding Conflict Minerals. Our Conflict Minerals policy statement is available on our website at [www.cytori.com](http://www.cytori.com) within the "Investor Relations" section under "Corporate Governance Materials."

#### *Supplier engagement*

With respect to the OECD requirement to strengthen engagement with suppliers, we have utilized the CMRT version 4.01b and a third-party vendor's software reporting tool for collecting conflict minerals declarations from our supply base. The use of these tools has allowed us to assist our suppliers in understanding our expectations and requirements and increase the rate of responses we have received from our suppliers to our survey requests.

We have also communicated with suppliers potentially affected by our Conflict Minerals program and related compliance efforts as identified through our RCOI process our expectation that they assist us in complying with our efforts related to our conflict minerals program. This includes obtaining information to support chain of custody of the 3TG identified in our products. Our suppliers are able to access our Conflict Minerals policy statement through the website above or upon request.

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## Identify and Assess Risks in the Supply Chain

It is important to note that Cytori has relied on supplier responses to provide us with the information about the source of 3TGs contained in the parts and components they supply to us. Similarly, our direct suppliers also rely on information provided by their suppliers. This chain of information creates a level of uncertainty and risk related to the accuracy of the information. We will continue to monitor, adapt, and modify our due diligence practices in response to the recognized industry best practices.

In accordance with OECD Guidelines, it is important to understand risk levels associated with conflict minerals in the supply chain. Smelters not being certified DRC-Conflict Free pose a significant risk to the supply chain. In the software, risk is classified as High, Medium and Low. This risk rating is generated based on three scoring criteria:

- Regulated Body:
  - o This assesses whether the smelter is a member and has an associated regulated body number (Smelter CID Number is the primary method).
- Proximity:
  - o Level 1 Country: Countries with known active ore production for tin or tantalum that are not identified as conflict regions or plausible countries of smuggling or export of tin or tantalum containing materials. Smelter Country is located in North or South America, Australia or Europe. [Example - G8-Level Countries who are known to meet OECD standards in other sectors.]
  - o Level 2 Country: Known or plausible countries for smuggling, export out of Level 3 countries, or transit of materials containing tin or tantalum. This currently includes Kenya, Mozambique, and South Africa.
  - o Level 3 Country: The Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC) and its nine adjoining countries as outlined in Section 1502 of the Dodd Frank Act. These include Angola, Burundi, Central African Republic, DRC, Republic of the Congo, Rwanda, South Sudan, Tanzania, Uganda, and Zambia. These are also commonly referred to as "covered countries" in the Dodd Frank Act Section 1502.
- Certification:
  - o If the smelter is certified conflict-free via the CFSI or the London Bullion Market Association (LBMA) Responsible Gold Programme.

We also calculate supplier risk based on the chances that the supplier provides 3TG that may originate from Non-Conflict Free sources. The value of this risk is calculated based on the risk ratings of the smelters declared by that supplier on their CMRT.

Additionally, suppliers are evaluated on program strength (further assisting in identifying risk in the supply chain). Many companies continue to be in the middle of the process and still have "unknown" as some of the answers. It has been decided that penalizing or failing them for working through the process is likely not the best approach for the initial years of compliance, it does not meet the goals or spirit of the Rule; however, evaluating and tracking the strength of the program does meet the OECD Due Diligence Guidelines and can assist in making key risk mitigation decisions as the program progresses. The criteria used to evaluate the strength of the program are:

- A. Do you have a policy in place that includes DRC conflict-free sourcing?
- E. Have you implemented due diligence measures for conflict-free sourcing?
- H. Do you verify due diligence information received from your suppliers?
- I. Does your verification process include corrective action management?

When suppliers meet or exceed the above criteria, by answering yes to all four questions, they are deemed to have a strong program. When suppliers do not meet those criteria, they are presumed to have a weak program. We store all of this information and will continue to assess our suppliers' program strength and monitor any improvements or changes.

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## Design and Implement a Strategy to Respond to Identified Risks

Cytori has established a Conflict Minerals policy statement that outlines our expectations for suppliers. If these expectations are not met, our business relationship with that supplier will be evaluated. For example, if we find that we source 3TGs that directly or indirectly finance or benefit armed groups in the Covered Countries, Cytori will assess the supplier relationship and encourage that supplier to establish an alternative source of the minerals that does not support such conflict. If an alternative source cannot be found or the supplier chooses not to respond to this risk, we will assess whether to continue our relationship with such provider. We have yet to encounter an instance where this type of action was necessary.

## Carry Out Independent Third Party Audit of Supply Chain Due Diligence at Identified Points in the Supply Chain

We do not have a direct relationship with smelters and refiners of Conflict Minerals and therefore do not perform or direct audits of these entities. In connection with our due diligence, we utilized information made available by the CFSI concerning independent third-party audits of smelters and refiners.

## Report on Supply Chain Due Diligence

This Report, which constitutes our annual report on our due diligence efforts, is available on our website at [www.cytori.com](http://www.cytori.com) within the "Investor Relations" section under "Corporate Governance Materials" and is filed with the SEC.

## **Results of Due Diligence**

### ***Survey results***

As of May 27, 2016, we received responses from 65% of our 43 surveyed suppliers for the 2015 year. Of those, 11 claimed no 3TGs and 17 claimed they did have tin, tungsten, tantalum, and/or gold in their products.

As described above, Cytori surveys our supply chain and reviews all responses against set criteria that have been developed to determine whether further communication is needed. These criteria include: non-responsiveness, incomplete responses and overall inconsistencies. Those suppliers that provided us with a CMRT were also asked to submit Smelter or Refiner (SOR) information. The results of this are discussed the Smelters and Refiners section below.

### ***Smelters and refiners***

Of the suppliers surveyed, many completed their CMRTs at the company, business unit or entity level. Due to this we are unable to conclude that which 3TGs from which of the processing facilities they listed have actually been included in parts or products that they supplied to us. Many of the responses provided by a supplier via the CMRT included the names of facilities listed by the suppliers as SORs. The CMRTs submitted by suppliers that do not list at least one smelter for each 3TG claimed on the CMRT are considered invalid and our third-party provider follows up on these, urging suppliers to resubmit the form and include smelter information. That being said, there are still suppliers that are unable to provide SORs used for the materials supplied to us.

For all responses that indicated a smelter, our third party consultant compared the facilities listed to the list of smelters maintained by the Conflict-Free Sourcing Initiative ("CFSI"). If a supplier indicated that the facility was certified as "Conflict-Free," our vendor confirmed that the name was listed by CFSI as a certified smelter. No violations were identified. As May 27, 2016, we have validated 304 smelters or refiners and we are working to validate the additional smelter/refiner entries from the submitted CMRTs. Of the valid SOR facilities, 213 have been designated as conflict-free by the CFSI and another 33 are in the process of being audited. Appendix A lists the smelters and refiners that the suppliers we surveyed reported as being in their supply chains. We have not listed in Appendix A any smelters or refiners that we have not been able to validate. Appendix B also includes an aggregated list of the potential countries of origin from which the reported facilities collectively source conflict minerals, based on information provided by suppliers and CFSI.

As our suppliers are largely unable to provide us with the information necessary to determine country of origin at the product level, we are unable to provide additional smelter and refiner names and country of origin of the necessary 3TG in this report at this time. We will continue to work with our suppliers to obtain smelter information at the product level.

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## Future Steps to be Taken

We expect to continue our efforts to improve our Conflict Minerals program and related due diligence. As we further develop our program and procedures, we intend to take the following steps to mitigate the risk that any of the 3TGs contained in our products could benefit armed groups in the Covered Countries. These may include, but are not limited to the following:

- Ongoing enhancement of our supplier engagement and control, for example, through continued inclusion of appropriate representations, warranties and covenants applicable to Conflict Minerals in our supplier agreements, and by encouraging our suppliers to provide responses at the product level;
- Continuing to invest in Conflict Minerals due diligence tools and resources, as appropriate;
- Continuing to respond to industry trends and legal requirements to further improve the traceability of 3TGs in our supply chain;
- Appropriately responding to identified risk, including but not limited to, assessment of potential action to be taken against suppliers that do not respond to our requests;
- Encouraging our suppliers found to be supplying us with 3TGs from sourcing that support conflict in the Covered Countries to establish an alternative source of 3TGs that does not support such conflict.

## Appendix A:

The table below lists, as of May 27, 2016, the 304 smelters or refiners identified by our responsive suppliers that may have been used to process the Conflict Minerals necessary to the functionality or production of our products during 2015. As described above, this list may contain more facilities than are actually linked to our products. Alternatively, this list may not include all applicable facilities as not all of our suppliers were able to provide SOR information at this time. Those that have been certified as conflict-free by the CFSI have been noted as such in the final column on the right.

Metal	Standard Smelter Name	Smelter Facility Location	Conflict Free?
Gold	Advanced Chemical Company	UNITED STATES	Unknown
Gold	Aida Chemical Industries Co., Ltd.	JAPAN	Yes
Gold	Aktyubinsk Copper Company TOO	KAZAKHSTAN	Unknown
Gold	Al Etihad Gold Refinery DMCC	UNITED ARAB EMIRATES	Unknown
Gold	Allgemeine Gold-und Silberscheideanstalt A.G.	GERMANY	Yes
Gold	Almalyk Mining and Metallurgical Complex (AMMC)	UZBEKISTAN	Unknown
Gold	AngloGold Ashanti Córrego do Sítio Mineração	BRAZIL	Yes
Gold	Argor-Heraeus SA	SWITZERLAND	Yes
Gold	Asahi Pretec Corporation	JAPAN	Yes
Gold	Asahi Refining Canada Limited	CANADA	Yes
Gold	Asahi Refining USA Inc.	UNITED STATES	Yes
Gold	Asaka Riken Co., Ltd.	JAPAN	Yes
Gold	Atasay Kuyumculuk Sanayi Ve Ticaret A.S.	TURKEY	Unknown
Gold	Aurubis AG	GERMANY	Yes
Gold	Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (Central Bank of the Philippines)	PHILIPPINES	Yes
Gold	Bauer Walser AG	GERMANY	Unknown
Gold	Boliden AB	SWEDEN	Yes
Gold	C. Hafner GmbH + Co. KG	GERMANY	Yes
Gold	Caridad	MEXICO	Unknown
Gold	CCR Refinery - Glencore Canada Corporation	CANADA	Yes
Gold	Cendres + Métaux SA	SWITZERLAND	Unknown
Gold	Chimet S.p.A.	ITALY	Yes
Gold	Chugai Mining	JAPAN	Unknown
Gold	Daejin Indus Co., Ltd.	KOREA, REPUBLIC OF	Unknown
Gold	Daye Non-Ferrous Metals Mining Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Gold	Do Sung Corporation	KOREA, REPUBLIC OF	Unknown
Gold	DODUCO GmbH	GERMANY	Yes
Gold	Dowa	JAPAN	Yes
Gold	Eco-System Recycling Co., Ltd.	JAPAN	Yes
Gold	Elemetal Refining, LLC	UNITED STATES	Yes
Gold	Emirates Gold DMCC	UNITED ARAB EMIRATES	Yes
Gold	Faggi Enrico S.p.A.	ITALY	Unknown
Gold	Fidelity Printers and Refiners Ltd.	ZIMBABWE	Unknown
Gold	Gansu Seemine Material Hi-Tech Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Gold	Geib Refining Corporation	UNITED STATES	Unknown
Gold	Great Wall Precious Metals Co., Ltd. of CBPM	CHINA	Unknown
Gold	Guangdong Jinding Gold Limited	CHINA	Unknown
Gold	Guoda Safina High-Tech Environmental Refinery Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Gold	Hangzhou Fuchunjiang Smelting Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Gold	Heimerle + Meule GmbH	GERMANY	Yes
Gold	Heraeus Ltd. Hong Kong	CHINA	Yes
Gold	Heraeus Precious Metals GmbH & Co. KG	GERMANY	Yes
Gold	Hunan Chenzhou Mining Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Gold	Hwasung CJ Co., Ltd.	KOREA, REPUBLIC OF	Unknown
Gold	Inner Mongolia Qiankun Gold and Silver Refinery Share Company Limited	CHINA	Yes
Gold	Ishifuku Metal Industry Co., Ltd.	JAPAN	Yes
Gold	Istanbul Gold Refinery	TURKEY	Yes
Gold	Japan Mint	JAPAN	Yes
Gold	Jiangxi Copper Company Limited	CHINA	Yes
Gold	JSC Ekaterinburg Non-Ferrous Metal Processing Plant	RUSSIAN FEDERATION	Yes
Gold	JSC Uralelectromed	RUSSIAN FEDERATION	Yes
Gold	JX Nippon Mining & Metals Co., Ltd.	JAPAN	Yes
Gold	Kaloti Precious Metals	UNITED ARAB EMIRATES	Unknown
Gold	Kazakhmys Smelting LLC	KAZAKHSTAN	Unknown
Gold	Kazzinc	KAZAKHSTAN	Yes
Gold	Kennecott Utah Copper LLC	UNITED STATES	Yes
Gold	KGHM Polska Miedz Spółka Akcyjna	POLAND	Unknown
Gold	Kojima Chemicals Co., Ltd.	JAPAN	Yes
Gold	Korea Metal Co., Ltd.	KOREA, REPUBLIC OF	Unknown
Gold	Korea Zinc Co. Ltd.	KOREA, REPUBLIC OF	Unknown
Gold	Kyrgyzaltyn JSC	KYRGYZSTAN	Unknown
Gold	L' azurde Company For Jewelry	SAUDI ARABIA	Unknown
Gold	Lingbao Gold Company Limited	CHINA	Unknown
Gold	Lingbao Jinyuan Tonghui Refinery Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Gold	LS-NIKKO Copper Inc.	KOREA, REPUBLIC OF	Yes

Gold	Luoyang Zijin Yinhui Gold Refinery Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Gold	Materion	UNITED STATES	Yes
Gold	Matsuda Sangyo Co., Ltd.	JAPAN	Yes
Gold	Metakor Technologies (Hong Kong) Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Gold	Metakor Technologies (Singapore) Pte., Ltd.	SINGAPORE	Yes
Gold	Metakor Technologies (Suzhou) Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Gold	Metakor Technologies SA	SWITZERLAND	Yes
Gold	Metakor USA Refining Corporation	UNITED STATES	Yes
Gold	METALÚRGICA MET-MEX PEÑOLES, S.A. DE C.V	MEXICO	Yes
Gold	Mitsubishi Materials Corporation	JAPAN	Yes
Gold	Mitsui Mining and Smelting Co., Ltd.	JAPAN	Yes
Gold	MMTC-PAMP India Pvt., Ltd.	INDIA	Yes
Gold	Morris and Watson	NEW ZEALAND	Unknown
Gold	Moscow Special Alloys Processing Plant	RUSSIAN FEDERATION	Yes
Gold	Nadir Metal Rafineri San. Ve Tic. A.Ş.	TURKEY	Yes
Gold	Navoi Mining and Metallurgical Combinat	UZBEKISTAN	Unknown
Gold	Nihon Material Co., Ltd.	JAPAN	Yes
Gold	Ögussa Österreichische Gold- und Silber-Scheideanstalt GmbH	AUSTRIA	Yes
Gold	Ohura Precious Metal Industry Co., Ltd.	JAPAN	Yes
Gold	OJSC "The Gulidov Krasnoyarsk Non-Ferrous Metals Plant" (OJSC Krastsvetmet)	RUSSIAN FEDERATION	Yes
Gold	OJSC Kolyma Refinery	RUSSIAN FEDERATION	Unknown
Gold	OJSC Novosibirsk Refinery	RUSSIAN FEDERATION	Yes
Gold	PAMP SA	SWITZERLAND	Yes
Gold	Penglai Penggang Gold Industry Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Gold	Prioksky Plant of Non-Ferrous Metals	RUSSIAN FEDERATION	Yes
Gold	PT Aneka Tambang (Persero) Tbk	INDONESIA	Yes
Gold	PX Précinox SA	SWITZERLAND	Yes
Gold	Rand Refinery (Pty) Ltd.	SOUTH AFRICA	Yes
Gold	Republic Metals Corporation	UNITED STATES	Yes
Gold	Royal Canadian Mint	CANADA	Yes
Gold	Sabin Metal Corp.	UNITED STATES	Unknown
Gold	Samduck Precious Metals	KOREA, REPUBLIC OF	Unknown
Gold	SAMWON Metals Corp.	KOREA, REPUBLIC OF	Unknown
Gold	SAXONIA Edelmetalle GmbH	GERMANY	Unknown
Gold	Schone Edelmetaal B.V.	NETHERLANDS	Yes
Gold	SEMPSA Joyeria Plateria SA	SPAIN	Yes
Gold	Shandong Tiancheng Biological Gold Industrial Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Gold	Shandong Zhaojin Gold & Silver Refinery Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Gold	Sichuan Tianze Precious Metals Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Gold	Singway Technology Co., Ltd.	TAIWAN	Yes
Gold	So Accurate Group, Inc.	UNITED STATES	Unknown
Gold	SOE Shyolkovsky Factory of Secondary Precious Metals	RUSSIAN FEDERATION	Yes
Gold	Solar Applied Materials Technology Corp.	TAIWAN	Yes
Gold	Sudan Gold Refinery	SUDAN	Unknown
Gold	Sumitomo Metal Mining Co., Ltd.	JAPAN	Yes
Gold	T.C.A S.p.A	ITALY	Yes
Gold	Tanaka Kikinzoku Kogyo K.K.	JAPAN	Yes
Gold	The Refinery of Shandong Gold Mining Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Gold	Tokuriki Honten Co., Ltd.	JAPAN	Yes
Gold	Tongling Nonferrous Metals Group Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Gold	Torecom	KOREA, REPUBLIC OF	Unknown
Gold	Umicore Brasil Ltda.	BRAZIL	Yes
Gold	Umicore Precious Metals Thailand	THAILAND	Yes
Gold	Umicore SA Business Unit Precious Metals Refining	BELGIUM	Yes
Gold	United Precious Metal Refining, Inc.	UNITED STATES	Yes
Gold	Valcambi SA	SWITZERLAND	Yes
Gold	Western Australian Mint trading as The Perth Mint	AUSTRALIA	Yes
Gold	WIELAND Edelmetalle GmbH	GERMANY	Unknown
Gold	Yamamoto Precious Metal Co., Ltd.	JAPAN	Yes
Gold	Yokohama Metal Co., Ltd.	JAPAN	Yes
Gold	Yunnan Copper Industry Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Gold	Zhongyuan Gold Smelter of Zhongjin Gold Corporation	CHINA	Yes
Gold	Zijin Mining Group Co., Ltd. Gold Refinery	CHINA	Yes
Tantalum	Avon Specialty Metals Ltd	UNITED KINGDOM	Unknown
Tantalum	Changsha South Tantalum Niobium Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tantalum	Conghua Tantalum and Niobium Smeltry	CHINA	Yes
Tantalum	D Block Metals, LLC	UNITED STATES	Yes
Tantalum	Duoluoshan	CHINA	Yes
Tantalum	Exotech Inc.	UNITED STATES	Yes
Tantalum	F&X Electro-Materials Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tantalum	FIR Metals & Resource Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tantalum	Global Advanced Metals Aizu	JAPAN	Yes
Tantalum	Global Advanced Metals Boyertown	UNITED STATES	Yes
Tantalum	Guangdong Zhiyuan New Material Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tantalum	Guizhou Zhenhua Xinyun Technology Ltd., Kaili branch	CHINA	Unknown
Tantalum	H.C. Starck Co., Ltd.	THAILAND	Yes
Tantalum	H.C. Starck GmbH Goslar	GERMANY	Yes
Tantalum	H.C. Starck GmbH Laufenburg	GERMANY	Yes
Tantalum	H.C. Starck Hermsdorf GmbH	GERMANY	Yes
Tantalum	H.C. Starck Inc.	UNITED STATES	Yes
Tantalum	H.C. Starck Ltd.	JAPAN	Yes
Tantalum	H.C. Starck Smelting GmbH & Co.KG	GERMANY	Yes
Tantalum	Hengyang King Xing Lifeng New Materials Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tantalum	Hi-Temp Specialty Metals, Inc.	UNITED STATES	Yes
Tantalum	Jiangxi Dinghai Tantalum & Niobium Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tantalum	JiuJiang JinXin Nonferrous Metals Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tantalum	Jiujiang Tanbre Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tantalum	Jiujiang Zhongao Tantalum & Niobium Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tantalum	KEMET Blue Metals	MEXICO	Yes
Tantalum	KEMET Blue Powder	UNITED STATES	Yes
Tantalum	King-Tan Tantalum Industry Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tantalum	LSM Brasil S.A.	BRAZIL	Yes
Tantalum	Metallurgical Products India Pvt., Ltd.	INDIA	Yes

Tantalum	Mineração Taboca S.A.	BRAZIL	Yes
Tantalum	Mitsui Mining & Smelting	JAPAN	Yes
Tantalum	Molycorp Silmet A.S.	ESTONIA	Yes
Tantalum	Ningxia Orient Tantalum Industry Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tantalum	Plansee SE Liezen	AUSTRIA	Yes
Tantalum	Plansee SE Reutte	AUSTRIA	Yes
Tantalum	QuantumClean	UNITED STATES	Yes
Tantalum	Resind Indústria e Comércio Ltda.	BRAZIL	Yes
Tantalum	RFH Tantalum Smeltry Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tantalum	Solikamsk Magnesium Works OAO	RUSSIAN FEDERATION	Yes
Tantalum	Taki Chemicals	JAPAN	Yes
Tantalum	Telex Metals	UNITED STATES	Yes
Tantalum	Tranzact, Inc.	UNITED STATES	Yes
Tantalum	Ulba Metallurgical Plant JSC	KAZAKHSTAN	Yes
Tantalum	XinXing HaoRong Electronic Material Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tantalum	Yichun Jin Yang Rare Metal Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tantalum	Zhuzhou Cemented Carbide	CHINA	Yes
Tin	Alpha	UNITED STATES	Yes
Tin	An Thai Minerals Company Limited	VIET NAM	Unknown
Tin	An Vinh Joint Stock Mineral Processing Company	VIET NAM	Unknown
Tin	Chenzhou Yun Xiang mining limited liability company	CHINA	Unknown
Tin	China Tin Group Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tin	CNMC (Guangxi) PGMA Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Tin	Cooperativa Metalurgica de Rondônia Ltda.	BRAZIL	Yes
Tin	CV Ayi Jaya	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	CV Dua Sekawan	INDONESIA	Unknown
Tin	CV Gita Pesona	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	CV Serumpun Sebalai	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	CV United Smelting	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	CV Venus Inti Perkasa	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	Dowa	JAPAN	Yes
Tin	Electro-Mechanical Facility of the Cao Bang Minerals & Metallurgy Joint Stock Company	VIET NAM	Unknown
Tin	Elmet S.L.U. (Metallo Group)	SPAIN	Yes
Tin	EM Vinto	BOLIVIA	Yes
Tin	Estanho de Rondônia S.A.	BRAZIL	Unknown
Tin	Feinhütte Halsbrücke GmbH	GERMANY	Unknown
Tin	Fenix Metals	POLAND	Yes
Tin	Gejiu Kai Meng Industry and Trade LLC	CHINA	Unknown
Tin	Gejiu Non-Ferrous Metal Processing Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tin	Gejiu Yunxin Nonferrous Electrolysis Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Tin	Gejiu Zili Mining And Metallurgy Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Tin	HuiChang Hill Tin Industry Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Tin	Huichang Jinshunda Tin Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Tin	Jiangxi Ketai Advanced Material Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tin	Linwu Xianggui Ore Smelting Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Tin	Magnu's Minerais Metais e Ligas Ltda.	BRAZIL	Yes
Tin	Malaysia Smelting Corporation (MSC)	MALAYSIA	Yes
Tin	Melt Metais e Ligas S/A	BRAZIL	Yes
Tin	Metahub Industries Sdn. Bhd.	MALAYSIA	Unknown
Tin	Metallic Resources, Inc.	UNITED STATES	Yes
Tin	Metallo-Chimique N.V.	BELGIUM	Yes
Tin	Mineração Taboca S.A.	BRAZIL	Yes
Tin	Minsur	PERU	Yes
Tin	Mitsubishi Materials Corporation	JAPAN	Yes
Tin	Nankang Nanshan Tin Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Tin	Nghe Tinh Non-Ferrous Metals Joint Stock Company	VIET NAM	Unknown
Tin	O.M. Manufacturing (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	THAILAND	Yes
Tin	O.M. Manufacturing Philippines, Inc.	PHILIPPINES	Yes
Tin	Operaciones Metalurgical S.A.	BOLIVIA	Yes
Tin	Phoenix Metal Ltd.	RWANDA	Unknown
Tin	PT Alam Lestari Kencana	INDONESIA	Unknown
Tin	PT Aries Kencana Sejahtera	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	PT Artha Cipta Langgeng	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	PT ATD Makmur Mandiri Jaya	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	PT Babel Inti Perkasa	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	PT Bangka Kudai Tin	INDONESIA	Unknown
Tin	PT Bangka Prima Tin	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	PT Bangka Timah Utama Sejahtera	INDONESIA	Unknown
Tin	PT Bangka Tin Industry	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	PT Belitung Industri Sejahtera	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	PT BilliTin Makmur Lestari	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	PT Bukit Timah	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	PT Cipta Persada Mulia	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	PT DS Jaya Abadi	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	PT Eunindo Usaha Mandiri	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	PT Fang Di MulTindo	INDONESIA	Unknown
Tin	PT Inti Stania Prima	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	PT Justindo	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	PT Karimun Mining	INDONESIA	Unknown
Tin	PT Mitra Stania Prima	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	PT Panca Mega Persada	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	PT Pelat Timah Nusantara Tbk	INDONESIA	Unknown
Tin	PT Prima Timah Utama	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	PT Refined Bangka Tin	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	PT Sariwiguna Binasentosa	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	PT Seirama Tin Investment	INDONESIA	Unknown
Tin	PT Stanindo Inti Perkasa	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	PT Sumber Jaya Indah	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	PT Timah (Persero) Tbk Kundur	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	PT Timah (Persero) Tbk Mentok	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	PT Tinindo Inter Nusa	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	PT Tirus Putra Mandiri	INDONESIA	Unknown
Tin	PT Tommy Utama	INDONESIA	Yes

Tin	PT Wahana Perkit Jaya	INDONESIA	Yes
Tin	Resind Indústria e Comércio Ltda.	BRAZIL	Yes
Tin	Rui Da Hung	TAIWAN	Yes
Tin	Soft Metais Ltda.	BRAZIL	Yes
Tin	Thaisarco	THAILAND	Yes
Tin	Tuyen Quang Non-Ferrous Metals Joint Stock Company	VIET NAM	Unknown
Tin	VQB Mineral and Trading Group JSC	VIET NAM	Yes
Tin	White Solder Metalurgia e Mineração Ltda.	BRAZIL	Yes
Tin	Yunnan Chengfeng Non-ferrous Metals Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Tin	Yunnan Tin Group (Holding) Company Limited	CHINA	Yes
Tin	A.L.M.T. TUNGSTEN Corp.	JAPAN	Yes
Tungsten	Asia Tungsten Products Vietnam Ltd.	VIET NAM	Yes
Tungsten	Chenzhou Diamond Tungsten Products Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tungsten	Chongyi Zhangyuan Tungsten Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tungsten	Dayu Jincheng Tungsten Industry Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Tungsten	Dayu Weiliang Tungsten Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Tungsten	Fujian Jinxin Tungsten Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tungsten	Ganxian Shirui New Material Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Tungsten	Ganzhou Huaxing Tungsten Products Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tungsten	Ganzhou Jiangwu Ferrotungsten Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tungsten	Ganzhou Non-ferrous Metals Smelting Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Tungsten	Ganzhou Seadragon W & Mo Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tungsten	Ganzhou Yatai Tungsten Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tungsten	Global Tungsten & Powders Corp.	UNITED STATES	Yes
Tungsten	Guangdong Xianglu Tungsten Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tungsten	H.C. Starck GmbH	GERMANY	Yes
Tungsten	H.C. Starck Smelting GmbH & Co.KG	GERMANY	Yes
Tungsten	Hunan Chenzhou Mining Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tungsten	Hunan Chuangda Vanadium Tungsten Co., Ltd. Wuji	CHINA	Yes
Tungsten	Hunan Chuangda Vanadium Tungsten Co., Ltd. Yanglin	CHINA	Unknown
Tungsten	Hunan Chunchang Nonferrous Metals Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Tungsten	Hydrometallurg, JSC	RUSSIAN FEDERATION	Yes
Tungsten	Japan New Metals Co., Ltd.	JAPAN	Yes
Tungsten	Jiangwu H.C. Starck Tungsten Products Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Tungsten	Jiangxi Gan Bei Tungsten Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tungsten	Jiangxi Minmetals Gao'an Non-ferrous Metals Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Tungsten	Jiangxi Tonggu Non-ferrous Metallurgical & Chemical Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Tungsten	Jiangxi Xinsheng Tungsten Industry Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Tungsten	Jiangxi Xiushui Xianggan Nonferrous Metals Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tungsten	Jiangxi Yaosheng Tungsten Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Unknown
Tungsten	Kennametal Fallon	UNITED STATES	Unknown
Tungsten	Kennametal Huntsville	UNITED STATES	Yes
Tungsten	Malipo Haiyu Tungsten Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tungsten	Niagara Refining LLC	UNITED STATES	Yes
Tungsten	Nui Phao H.C. Starck Tungsten Chemicals Manufacturing LLC	VIET NAM	Yes
Tungsten	Pobedit, JSC	RUSSIAN FEDERATION	Unknown
Tungsten	Sanher Tungsten Vietnam Co., Ltd.	VIET NAM	Unknown
Tungsten	Tejing (Vietnam) Tungsten Co., Ltd.	VIET NAM	Yes
Tungsten	Vietnam Youngsun Tungsten Industry Co., Ltd.	VIET NAM	Yes
Tungsten	Wolfram Bergbau und Hütten AG	AUSTRIA	Yes
Tungsten	Xiamen Tungsten (H.C.) Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tungsten	Xiamen Tungsten Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes
Tungsten	Xinhai Rendan Shaoguan Tungsten Co., Ltd.	CHINA	Yes

## Appendix B: Potential Countries of Origin

This list below sets out possible countries of origin of 3TGs used in the manufacture of products containing Conflict Minerals that are necessary to the functionality or production of our products. These possible countries of origin cannot necessarily be linked to our products.

Argentina, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bolivia, Brazil, Cambodia, Canada, Chile, China, Columbia, Cote D'Ivoire, Czech Republic, Djibouti, Ecuador, Egypt, Estonia, Ethiopia, France, Germany, Guyana, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Ireland, Israel, Japan, Kazakhstan, Laos, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malaysia, Mongolia, Myanmar, Namibia, Netherlands, Nigeria, Peru, Portugal, Russia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, South Korea, Spain, Suriname, Switzerland, Taiwan, Thailand, United Kingdom, United States, Vietnam, Zimbabwe, Kenya, Mozambique, South Africa, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Angola, Burundi, Central African Republic, Republic of Congo, Rwanda, South Sudan, Tanzania, Uganda and Zambia.